

MARKET SYSTEM RESILIENCE (MSR)

Experience from Mercy Corps Nepal

17th July 2023



What is MSR?

Capacity of a market system to absorb, adapt, or transform in the face of shocks and stresses. Within the broader economic, political, socio-cultural, and environmental systems in which they operate, markets are a means of allocating resources to solving system problems, such as those related to shocks and stresses.

MSR provides a way to understand and design more risk-responsive programming.



MSR Drivers

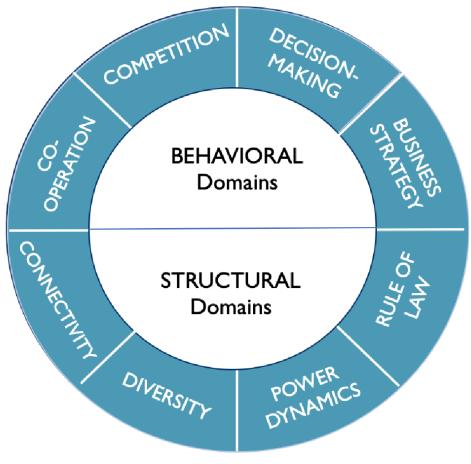


Figure: Key Domains of MSR

http://www.marketlinks.org/sites/default/files/resource/files/Market_S ystems_Framework.pdf





Nexus Approach: An Added Value of Market Incentive in Disaster Risk Reduction

Understanding Risk and Fragility

Systemic Constraints

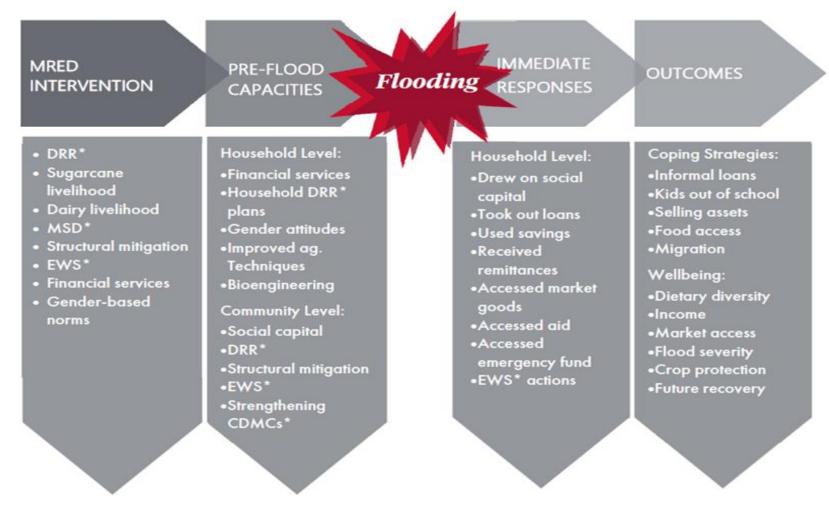
- Limited access to capital for farm investment
- Low financial literacy
- Discriminatory practices based on gender and/or ethnicity/caste
- Limited outreach and lowcapacity extension services
- Limited modern agricultural information and skills
- Weak market linkages and access

Shocks and Stresses

- Floods, drought and rainfall variability
- Agricultural pests and disease
- Unstable demand for sugarcane
- Migration
- Socio-political conflicts



MRED - Theory of Change

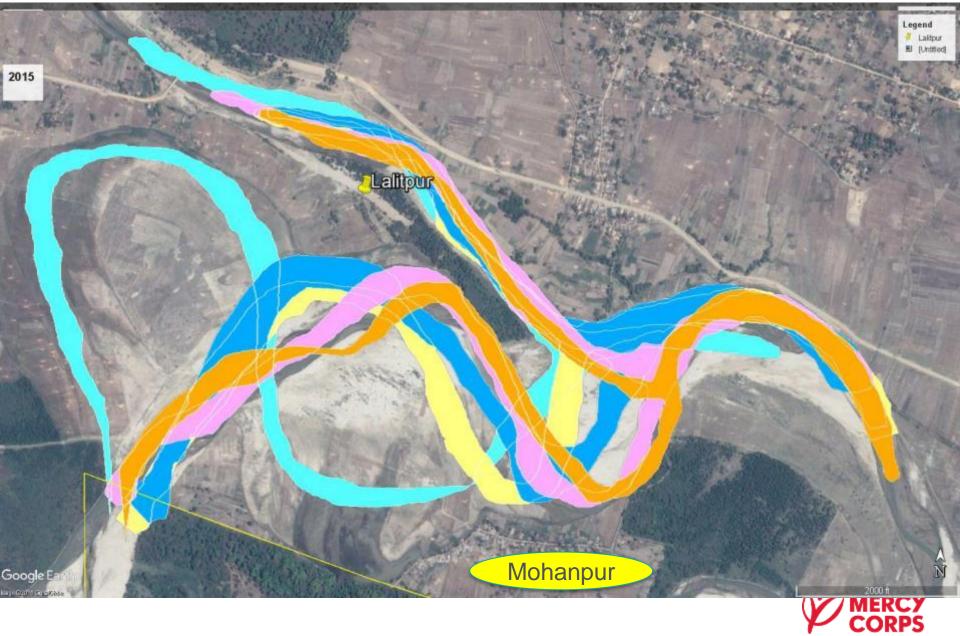


* DRR = Disaster Risk Reduction * MSD = Market System Development

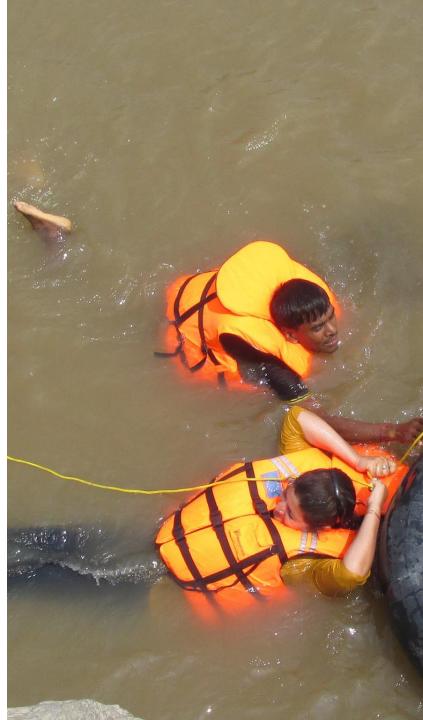
*EWS = Early Warning System *CDMC = Community Disaster Management



Disaster Context







NEXUS APPROACH

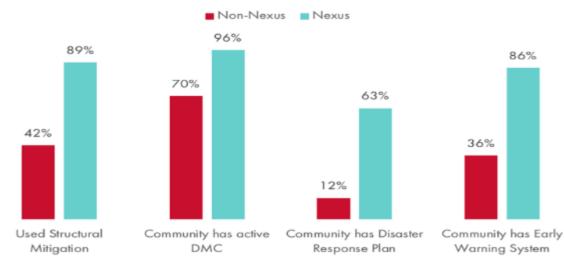
Market System

NEXUS

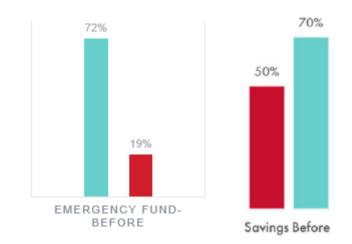
Community Baseduction Disaster Risk Reduction

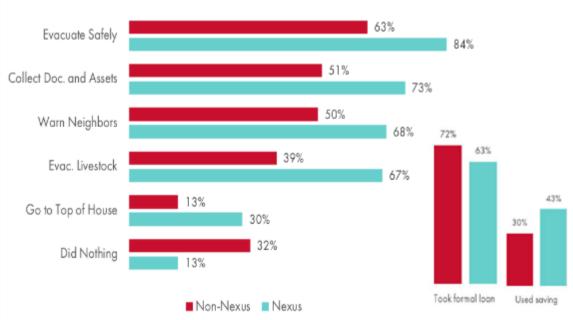


POST FLOOD STUDY



Access to Capacities



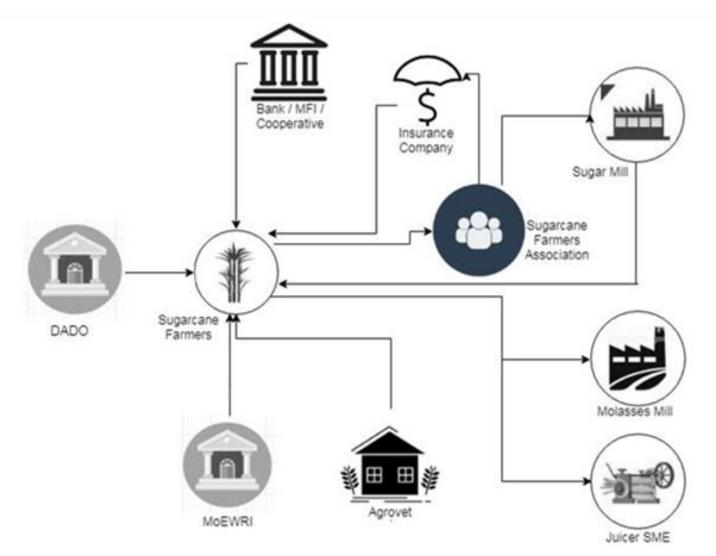


- Households had to rely on fewer negative coping strategies and lost fewer crops
- Higher levels of recovery 3months after flooding events and more confident in their ability to recover from similar shocks in the future.



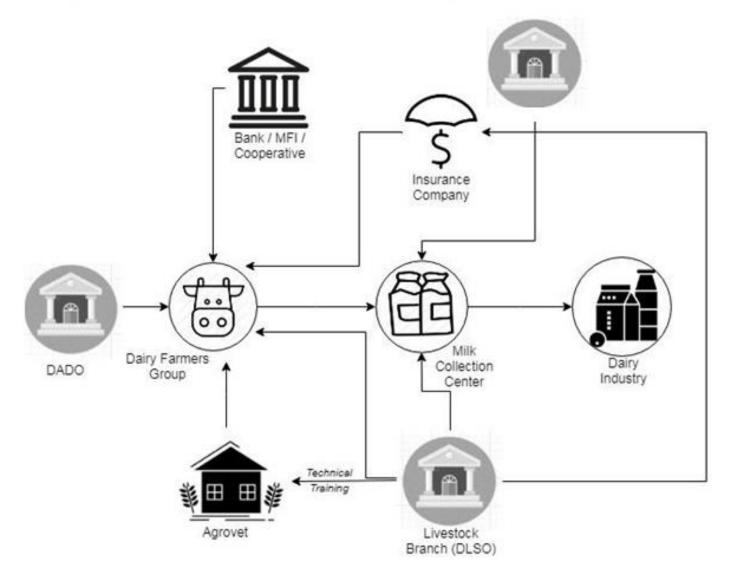
Use of Capacity to Respond

Key Market: Sugarcane





Key Market: Dairy





Key Result

Area Protected 1400 Hectare









Area (Ha)



Milk Production/Day



Key Result

Project Contribution

MRED 22% Government 40%

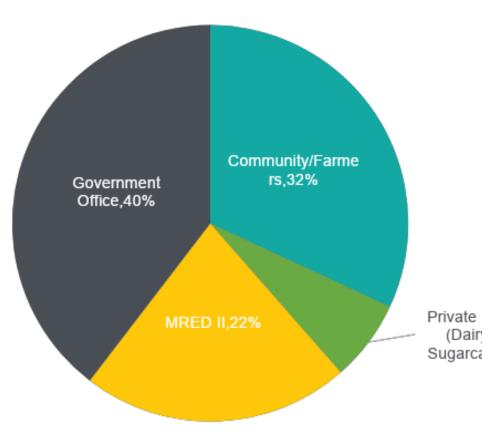
Community

32%

Private

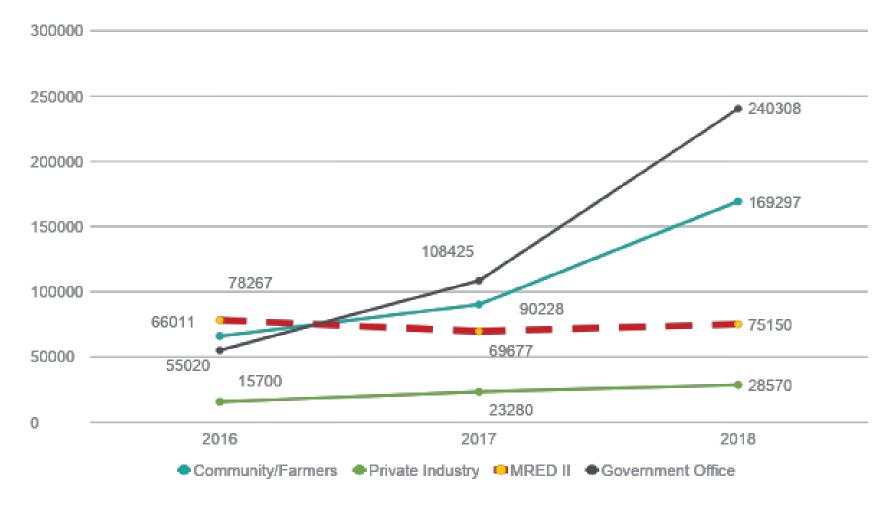
7%







Cost Sharing Trend







Humanitarian Market Characteristics

The overall goal of BHAKARI is that emergency food needs of vulnerable and socially excluded households in Karnali River Basin are met while simultaneously building food security and resilience for the future.

The BHAKARI activity established mechanisms for short-term cash and voucher assistance — through both the activities and government's systems while linking longer-term resilience to agriculture, water, financial inclusion, DRR and community capacity strengthening

Background



Response Context

- Rapid response
- Slow onset
- Anticipatory action

Response Modalities



Cash for Work



Agriculture input voucher



Multi-purpose Cash Grant



Value voucher



Shock Responsive Social Protection (SRSP)



Market Analysis Tool

- Rapid Assessment of Markets (RAM)
- Emergency Mapping Market Analysis (EMMA) Toolkit
- Market Analysis Guidance (MAG)
- Market Information and Food Insecurity Response Analysis (MFIRA)
- Pre-Crisis Market Mapping and Analysis (PCMMA)
- 48-Hour Assessment Tool
- MARKit Price Monitoring, Analysis and Response Kit

<u>comparative-table-of-market-analysis-tools-final.pdf</u> (calpnetwork.org)





Characteristics in different ecological zone

- 1. Market interconnectedness
- 2. Access
- 3. Capacity
- 4. Supply chain
- 5. Compliance and regulation
- 6. Banks and financial institutions
- 7. Digital implementation environment
- 8. Safety and security





Experience

- Partnered with more than 150 merchants
- 2. Technology evolved
- 3. Primary and secondary market
- 4. Dignity, choice, transparency
- 5. Risk and mitigation
- 6. Web based market information
- 7. Decision making support on CVA modality





